Gaming Commission

The New York State Gaming Commission's Lottery Division is proud to offer this year-end overview of its record-breaking traditional and video gaming operations for Fiscal Year 2015-16. All profits, less prizes paid, retailer commissions and administrative expenses, from the Lottery's gaming operations are used to support aid to education.
The New York Lottery's combined profit from its traditional lottery and video lottery businesses continue to lead the nation with a record year-end contribution to education totaling $\$ 3.30$ billion. Combined sales and net win for the same time period totaled $\$ 9.69$ billion.

## LEADING THE NATION IN AID TO EDUCATION



FUN, GAMES AND FUNDS RAISED BY GAME/VIDEO LOTTERY FACILITY
Jackpot Games

## Scratch-Off Games




Total Sales: \$902,496,410
Education Aid: \$372,510,847

Total Sales:
\$911,433,616
Education Aid:
\$376,199,732
Total Sales: \$241,180,654 Education Aid: \$99,548,772

Total Sales:
\$29,630,843
Education Aid:
\$12,230,309

Total Sales:
\$787,230,137
Education Aid: \$246,210,982

## Video Gaming Facilities

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Net Win: \$845,907,210 Education Aid: \$390,780,113

Net Win: \$571,204,793 Education Aid: \$301,361,355

Net Win: \$163,596,145
Education Aid: \$82,527,537

Net Win: \$129,297,646 Education Aid: \$63,695,960

Net Win: \$65,682,429 Education Aid: \$24,558,907

Net Win: \$60,855,080 Education Aid: \$25,070,205

Net Win: $\$ 57,978,244$
Education Aid: \$23,603,090

Net Win: \$38,593,999
Education Aid: \$14,355,644

Net Win: \$54,257,323
Education Aid: \$23,735,315

## Traditional Lottery (FY 2015.2016)

\$7.703 Billion in Sales


## \$2.36 Billion in Aid

 to Education (30.6\%)\$117 Million to Gaming Contractor Fees \& Other Direct Expenses (1.5\%)
$\$ 122$ Million to Other Operating Expenses (1.6\%)
\$882 Million to Video Gaming Facility Commissions (44.4\%)** ${ }^{* *}$ Video gaming facilities are required by law to make horse racing support payments from their commissions. In FY 2015/16, approximately $\$ 189$ million (or $21 \%$ of the $\$ 882$ million in commissions paid) was used to fund increased racing purses and breeders fund contributions.

## Video Gaming (FY 2015-2016)

\$1.987 Billion in Video Gaming Net Win*

*Video gaming Net Win

| Credits Played | $\$ 37.005$ Billion <br> Credits Won <br> Net Win |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | $\$ 35.018$ Billion |
|  | $\$ 1.987$ Billion* |

LOTTERY AID TO EDUCATION BY COUNTY (FY 2015-2016)

Albany
Allegany
Broome
Cattaraugus
Cayuga
Chautauqua
Chemung
Chenango
Clinton
Columbia
Cortland
Delaware
Dutchess
Erie
Essex
Franklin
Fulton
Genesee
Greene
Hamilton
Herkimer
$\$ 42,561,880.50$
$\$ 12,659,442.05$
$\$ 42,159,243.41$
$\$ 22,340,512.74$
$\$ 14,570,995.76$
$\$ 31,667,491.29$
$\$ 18,456,426.24$
$\$ 13,880,464.75$
$\$ 16,484,265.29$
$\$ 5,838,186.25$
$\$ 10,645,601.46$
$\$ 7,014,891.01$
$\$ 41,342,478.10$
$\$ 190,525,401.43$
$\$ 2,983,972.00$
$\$ 11,153,100.76$
$\$ 12,326,105.40$
$\$ 13,574,184.12$
$\$ 6,750,069.41$
$\$ 139,406.86$
$\$ 15,607,382.08$

| Jefferson | $\$ 27,817,514.31$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Lewis | $\$ 6,609,557.86$ |
| Livingston | $\$ 12,259,528.46$ |
| Madison | $\$ 15,026,110.98$ |
| Monroe | $\$ 161,868,283.38$ |
| Montgomery | $\$ 12,541,962.01$ |
| Nassau | $\$ 138,659,047.71$ |
| New York City | $\$ 1,241,108,427.03$ |
| Niagara | $\$ 46,402,642.74$ |
| Oneida | $\$ 54,192,629.21$ |
| Onondaga | $\$ 104,613,215.98$ |
| Ontario | $\$ 21,095,266.70$ |
| Orange | $\$ 82,347,865.88$ |
| Orleans | $\$ 10,768,301.17$ |
| Oswego | $\$ 31,188,061.91$ |
| Otsego | $\$ 10,157,374.40$ |
| Putnam | $\$ 12,402,493.21$ |
| Rensselaer | $\$ 28,821,470.10$ |
| Rockland | $\$ 30,611,838.15$ |
| Saratoga | $\$ 34,804,289.04$ |
| Schenectady | $\$ 31,195,072.73$ |

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[^0]:    The above amounts are based on the New York State Education Department's Division of Aid to Localities for Education from the State Lottery Fund as required by law. For a complete listing visit nylottery.ny.gov.
    Lottery revenue is distributed to local school districts by the same statutory formula used to distribute other state aid to education. It takes into account both a school district's size and its income leve; larger, lower-income school districts receive proportionately larger shares of Lottery school funding.
    *Includes Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens and Richmond Counties.

